



## Unit 2 MCQs for Practice

### #1. Question 1: What is the primary purpose of communication?

- A. To entertain
- B. To transfer information
- C. To confuse
- D. To isolate

Explanation: The primary purpose of communication is to transfer information, ideas, and emotions between individuals or groups effectively.

### #2. Question 2: Which of the following is NOT a type of communication?

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Digital
- D. Telepathic

Explanation: Telepathic communication is not recognized as a legitimate type of communication. The main types include verbal, non-verbal, and digital communication.

### #3. Question 3: Which type of communication involves the use of gestures, facial expressions, and body language?

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Non-verbal communication involves gestures, facial expressions, body language, and other forms of conveying messages without words.

### #4. Question 4: What characteristic of effective communication ensures that the message is understood as intended?

- A. Ambiguity
- B. Clarity
- C. Complexity
- D. Vagueness

Explanation: Clarity is a key characteristic of effective communication, ensuring that the message is clear and easily understood by the receiver.

**#5. Question 5: Which type of communication is facilitated through electronic means such as emails and social media?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Digital
- D. Non-verbal

Explanation: Digital communication is facilitated through electronic means like emails, social media platforms, and other online channels.

**#6. Question 6: What is the meaning of communication?**

- A. The exchange of goods
- B. The process of sharing information and ideas
- C. The act of silencing others
- D. The creation of confusion

Explanation: Communication is the process of sharing information, ideas, and emotions between individuals or groups to achieve mutual understanding.

**#7. Question 7: Which of the following is a characteristic of effective communication?**

- A. One-way
- B. Feedback
- C. Misunderstanding
- D. Silence

Explanation: Feedback is a characteristic of effective communication as it allows the sender to know whether the message was understood correctly.

**#8. Question 8: What type of communication relies on written symbols like letters and emails?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication relies on written symbols such as letters, emails, reports, and other text-based forms to convey messages.



**#9. Question 9: Which characteristic of communication refers to the ability to adapt the message to the audience?**

- A. Inflexibility
- B. Adaptability
- C. Rigidity
- D. Complexity

Explanation: Adaptability refers to the ability to tailor the message to suit the audience's needs, ensuring effective communication.

**#10. Question 10: What is an example of non-verbal communication?**

- A. Speaking
- B. Writing
- C. Gesturing
- D. Emailing

Explanation: Gesturing is an example of non-verbal communication, involving movements to convey messages without using words.

**#11. Question 11: Which purpose of communication involves persuading others to adopt a particular viewpoint?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Entertaining
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to convince others to adopt a specific viewpoint or take a particular action.

**#12. Question 12: What characteristic ensures that communication is free from misunderstanding?**

- A. Ambiguity
- B. Clarity
- C. Vagueness
- D. Obscurity

Explanation: Clarity in communication ensures that messages are clear and free from misunderstanding, facilitating effective exchange of information.



**#13. Question 13: Which type of communication involves face-to-face conversations?**

- A. Digital
- B. Written
- C. Verbal
- D. Non-verbal

Explanation: Verbal communication involves face-to-face conversations where spoken words are used to convey messages.

**#14. Question 14: What is the role of feedback in communication?**

- A. To terminate the conversation
- B. To provide a response that indicates understanding
- C. To confuse the sender
- D. To dominate the discussion

Explanation: Feedback provides a response from the receiver to the sender, indicating whether the message was understood correctly and allowing for adjustments if necessary.

**#15. Question 15: Which type of communication is most effective for conveying complex information?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Written communication is often more effective for conveying complex information as it allows for detailed explanations and can be referred back to as needed.

**#16. Question 16: Which characteristic of communication involves ensuring that the message reaches the intended audience?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Context

Explanation: The channel is the medium through which the message is transmitted, ensuring it reaches the intended audience effectively.

**#17. Question 17: What type of communication uses symbols, signs, and visual aids to convey messages?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Visual communication uses symbols, signs, diagrams, and other visual aids to convey messages effectively.

**#18. Question 18: What is an example of digital communication?**

- A. Hand gestures
- B. Writing a letter
- C. Sending a text message
- D. Speaking in a lecture

Explanation: Sending a text message is an example of digital communication, utilizing electronic devices to exchange information.

**#19. Question 19: Which purpose of communication involves sharing information without expecting a response?**

- A. Persuasive
- B. Informative
- C. Entertaining
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The informative purpose of communication involves sharing information or knowledge without necessarily expecting a response from the receiver.

**#20. Question 20: Which characteristic of communication ensures that the message is appropriate for the situation and audience?**

- A. Formality
- B. Appropriateness
- C. Length
- D. Complexity

Explanation: Appropriateness ensures that the message is suitable for the context and audience, enhancing the effectiveness of communication.

### **#21. Question 21: What is the meaning of verbal communication?**

- A. Communication through body language
- B. Communication through written symbols
- C. Communication through spoken words
- D. Communication through visual aids

Explanation: Verbal communication involves the use of spoken words to convey messages between individuals or groups.

### **#22. Question 22: Which type of communication is essential for building relationships and trust?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is essential for building relationships and trust as it involves direct interaction and personal connection through spoken words.

### **#23. Question 23: What characteristic of communication involves the speed at which the message is transmitted?**

- A. Feedback
- B. Channel
- C. Speed
- D. Clarity

Explanation: Speed refers to how quickly the message is transmitted from the sender to the receiver, affecting the overall efficiency of communication.

### **#24. Question 24: Which purpose of communication involves sharing ideas and fostering collaboration?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The collaborative purpose of communication involves sharing ideas, fostering teamwork, and enhancing cooperation among individuals or groups.



**#25. Question 25: Which type of communication can be both intentional and unintentional?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Non-verbal communication can be both intentional, such as deliberate gestures, and unintentional, such as subconscious facial expressions.

**#26. Question 26: What is the role of context in communication?**

- A. To determine the channel
- B. To provide background that influences the meaning of the message
- C. To create noise
- D. To restrict feedback

Explanation: Context provides the background and environment that influence the meaning and interpretation of the message, ensuring it is understood appropriately.

**#27. Question 27: Which type of communication is most suitable for detailed explanations and documentation?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Written communication is most suitable for detailed explanations and documentation as it allows for comprehensive and permanent records of information.

**#28. Question 28: What is an example of non-verbal communication in a classroom setting?**

- A. Lecturing
- B. Writing on the board
- C. Nodding to show agreement
- D. Sending an email

Explanation: Nodding to show agreement is an example of non-verbal communication, conveying messages through gestures rather than words.

**#29. Question 29: Which characteristic of effective communication involves eliminating**



### **barriers that prevent understanding?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Clarity

Explanation: Clarity involves eliminating barriers such as ambiguity and complexity, ensuring the message is easily understood by the receiver.

### **#30. Question 30: Which purpose of communication is aimed at influencing others' attitudes or behaviors?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to influence others' attitudes, beliefs, or behaviors through convincing arguments and appeals.

### **#31. Question 31: What type of communication uses written symbols like letters and emails?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication uses written symbols, such as letters, emails, reports, and other text-based forms to convey messages.

### **#32. Question 32: Which characteristic of communication refers to the ability to tailor the message to the audience's needs?**

- A. Feedback
- B. Adaptability
- C. Complexity
- D. Rigidity

Explanation: Adaptability refers to the ability to modify the message to suit the audience's needs, ensuring effective and relevant communication.



**#33. Question 33: Which of the following is a barrier to effective communication?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Feedback
- C. Noise
- D. Appropriateness

Explanation: Noise, which can be physical or psychological, acts as a barrier to effective communication by disrupting the transmission or reception of the message.

**#34. Question 34: What is an example of digital communication?**

- A. Handwriting a letter
- B. Speaking in a meeting
- C. Sending a text message
- D. Using sign language

Explanation: Sending a text message is an example of digital communication, utilizing electronic devices to exchange information.

**#35. Question 35: Which characteristic of communication ensures that the message is suitable for the audience and context?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Appropriateness
- C. Speed
- D. Channel

Explanation: Appropriateness ensures that the message is suitable for the audience and the context, making the communication more effective and respectful.

**#36. Question 36: What type of communication involves using symbols, signs, and visual aids to convey messages?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Visual communication involves using symbols, signs, diagrams, and other visual aids to convey messages effectively.



**#37. Question 37: Which purpose of communication involves sharing information without expecting a response?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The informative purpose of communication involves sharing information or knowledge without necessarily expecting a response from the receiver.

**#38. Question 38: What is an example of verbal communication in a classroom?**

- A. Writing on the board
- B. Gesturing
- C. Lecturing
- D. Sending an email

Explanation: Lecturing is an example of verbal communication, where the teacher uses spoken words to convey information to students.

**#39. Question 39: Which characteristic of communication involves ensuring the message is clear and easily understood?**

- A. Complexity
- B. Clarity
- C. Ambiguity
- D. Vagueness

Explanation: Clarity involves making the message clear and easily understood, reducing the chances of misinterpretation.

**#40. Question 40: Which type of communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction, allowing for real-time dialogue and clarification.

**#41. Question 41: What is the meaning of non-verbal communication?**

- A. Communication through written words
- B. Communication through spoken words
- C. Communication through body language, gestures, and facial expressions
- D. Communication through digital devices

Explanation: Non-verbal communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, facial expressions, and other non-verbal cues without using words.

**#42. Question 42: Which purpose of communication is focused on fostering teamwork and mutual understanding?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The collaborative purpose of communication focuses on fostering teamwork, mutual understanding, and cooperative efforts among individuals or groups.

**#43. Question 43: Which characteristic of communication involves selecting the appropriate medium for the message?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Context

Explanation: The channel refers to the medium through which the message is transmitted, and selecting the appropriate channel is crucial for effective communication.

**#44. Question 44: What type of communication is best suited for formal and official exchanges?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication is best suited for formal and official exchanges, providing a clear and permanent record of information.



**#45. Question 45: Which learning style in the VARK model prefers using listening and speaking as primary modes of learning?**

- A. Visual
- B. Aural/Auditory
- C. Reading/Writing
- D. Kinesthetic

Explanation: The Aural/Auditory learning style prefers learning through listening and speaking, benefiting from lectures, discussions, and verbal instructions.

**#46. Question 46: What is the role of feedback in the communication process?**

- A. To initiate the message
- B. To provide a response that indicates understanding
- C. To create confusion
- D. To eliminate the need for communication

Explanation: Feedback provides a response from the receiver to the sender, indicating whether the message was understood correctly and allowing for necessary adjustments.

**#47. Question 47: Which type of communication involves the use of written symbols like letters and emails?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication involves the use of written symbols, such as letters, emails, reports, and other text-based forms to convey messages.

**#48. Question 48: Which characteristic of communication involves ensuring that the message is appropriate for the audience and context?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Appropriateness
- C. Speed
- D. Channel

Explanation: Appropriateness ensures that the message is suitable for the audience and the context, making the communication more effective and respectful.



**#49. Question 49: What type of communication uses symbols, signs, and visual aids to convey messages?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Visual communication uses symbols, signs, diagrams, and other visual aids to convey messages effectively.

**#50. Question 50: Which purpose of communication involves influencing others' attitudes or behaviors?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to influence others' attitudes, beliefs, or behaviors through convincing arguments and appeals.

**#51. Question 51: What is an example of non-verbal communication?**

- A. Speaking
- B. Writing
- C. Gesturing
- D. Emailing

Explanation: Gesturing is an example of non-verbal communication, conveying messages through movements rather than words.

**#52. Question 52: Which characteristic of communication ensures that the message is free from misunderstanding?**

- A. Ambiguity
- B. Clarity
- C. Complexity
- D. Vagueness

Explanation: Clarity is a key characteristic of effective communication, ensuring that the message is clear and easily understood by the receiver.



**#53. Question 53: Which type of communication is facilitated through electronic means such as emails and social media?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Digital communication is facilitated through electronic means like emails, social media platforms, and other online channels.

**#54. Question 54: What is the meaning of verbal communication?**

- A. Communication through body language
- B. Communication through written symbols
- C. Communication through spoken words
- D. Communication through visual aids

Explanation: Verbal communication involves the use of spoken words to convey messages between individuals or groups.

**#55. Question 55: Which purpose of communication involves sharing information without expecting a response?**

- A. Persuasive
- B. Informative
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The informative purpose of communication involves sharing information or knowledge without necessarily expecting a response from the receiver.

**#56. Question 56: What type of communication involves using symbols, signs, and visual aids to convey messages?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Visual communication involves using symbols, signs, diagrams, and other visual aids to convey messages effectively.



**#57. Question 57: Which of the following is a barrier to effective communication?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Feedback
- C. Noise
- D. Appropriateness

Explanation: Noise, which can be physical or psychological, acts as a barrier to effective communication by disrupting the transmission or reception of the message.

**#58. Question 58: Which type of communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction, allowing for real-time dialogue and clarification.

**#59. Question 59: What is the role of context in communication?**

- A. To determine the channel
- B. To provide background that influences the meaning of the message
- C. To create noise
- D. To restrict feedback

Explanation: Context provides the background and environment that influence the meaning and interpretation of the message, ensuring it is understood appropriately.

**#60. Question 60: Which type of communication is best suited for detailed explanations and documentation?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Written communication is often more effective for conveying detailed explanations and documentation as it allows for comprehensive and permanent records of information.



**#61. Question 61: Which characteristic of communication involves the ability to adapt the message to the audience?**

- A. Inflexibility
- B. Adaptability
- C. Rigidity
- D. Complexity

Explanation: Adaptability refers to the ability to tailor the message to suit the audience's needs, ensuring effective communication.

**#62. Question 62: Which learning style in the VARK model prefers using listening and speaking as primary modes of learning?**

- A. Visual
- B. Aural/Auditory
- C. Reading/Writing
- D. Kinesthetic

Explanation: The Aural/Auditory learning style prefers learning through listening and speaking, benefiting from lectures, discussions, and verbal instructions.

**#63. Question 63: What is the meaning of non-verbal communication?**

- A. Communication through written words
- B. Communication through spoken words
- C. Communication through body language, gestures, and facial expressions
- D. Communication through digital devices

Explanation: Non-verbal communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, facial expressions, and other non-verbal cues without using words.

**#64. Question 64: Which purpose of communication is focused on fostering teamwork and mutual understanding?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The collaborative purpose of communication focuses on fostering teamwork, mutual understanding, and cooperative efforts among individuals or groups.



**#65. Question 65: Which characteristic of communication involves selecting the appropriate medium for the message?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Context

Explanation: The channel refers to the medium through which the message is transmitted, ensuring it reaches the intended audience effectively.

**#66. Question 66: What type of communication is most suitable for formal and official exchanges?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-verbal
- C. Written
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication is best suited for formal and official exchanges, providing a clear and permanent record of information.

**#67. Question 67: Which characteristic of communication involves ensuring the message is clear and easily understood?**

- A. Complexity
- B. Clarity
- C. Ambiguity
- D. Vagueness

Explanation: Clarity in communication ensures that messages are clear and easily understood, reducing the chances of misinterpretation.

**#68. Question 68: Which type of communication is essential for building relationships and trust?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is essential for building relationships and trust as it involves direct interaction and personal connection through spoken words.



### **#69. Question 69: What is the role of feedback in communication?**

- A. To initiate the message
- B. To provide a response that indicates understanding
- C. To create confusion
- D. To eliminate the need for communication

Explanation: Feedback provides a response from the receiver to the sender, indicating whether the message was understood correctly and allowing for necessary adjustments.

### **#70. Question 70: Which type of communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, and facial expressions?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Non-verbal communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, facial expressions, and other non-verbal cues without using words.

### **#71. Question 71: What is the meaning of communication?**

- A. The exchange of goods
- B. The process of sharing information and ideas
- C. The act of silencing others
- D. The creation of confusion

Explanation: Communication is the process of sharing information, ideas, and emotions between individuals or groups to achieve mutual understanding.

### **#72. Question 72: Which type of communication relies on written symbols like letters and emails?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication relies on written symbols such as letters, emails, reports, and other text-based forms to convey messages.



**#73. Question 73: Which characteristic of communication involves eliminating barriers that prevent understanding?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Clarity

Explanation: Clarity involves eliminating barriers such as ambiguity and complexity, ensuring the message is easily understood by the receiver.

**#74. Question 74: What type of communication is most effective for conveying complex information?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Written communication is often more effective for conveying complex information as it allows for detailed explanations and can be referred back to as needed.

**#75. Question 75: Which type of communication is facilitated through electronic means such as emails and social media?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Digital communication is facilitated through electronic means like emails, social media platforms, and other online channels.

**#76. Question 76: What is the primary role of non-verbal communication in interpersonal interactions?**

- A. To replace verbal communication
- B. To support and enhance verbal messages
- C. To confuse the receiver
- D. To limit the effectiveness of communication

Explanation: Non-verbal communication supports and enhances verbal messages by providing additional context and emotional cues, improving overall understanding.



**#77. Question 77: Which characteristic of effective communication ensures that the message is appropriate for the situation and audience?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Appropriateness
- C. Speed
- D. Channel

Explanation: Appropriateness ensures that the message is suitable for the context and the audience, making the communication more effective and respectful.

**#78. Question 78: What is an example of digital communication?**

- A. Handwriting a letter
- B. Speaking in a meeting
- C. Sending a text message
- D. Using sign language

Explanation: Sending a text message is an example of digital communication, utilizing electronic devices to exchange information.

**#79. Question 79: Which type of communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction, allowing for real-time dialogue and clarification.

**#80. Question 80: What is an example of non-verbal communication in a classroom setting?**

- A. Lecturing
- B. Writing on the board
- C. Nodding to show agreement
- D. Sending an email

Explanation: Nodding to show agreement is an example of non-verbal communication, conveying messages through gestures rather than words.



**#81. Question 81: Which characteristic of communication involves the ability to adapt the message to the audience?**

- A. Inflexibility
- B. Adaptability
- C. Rigidity
- D. Complexity

Explanation: Adaptability refers to the ability to tailor the message to suit the audience's needs, ensuring effective communication.

**#82. Question 82: Which purpose of communication involves persuading others to adopt a particular viewpoint?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Entertaining
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to convince others to adopt a specific viewpoint or take a particular action.

**#83. Question 83: What type of communication involves using written symbols like letters and emails?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Written communication involves using written symbols, such as letters, emails, reports, and other text-based forms to convey messages.

**#84. Question 84: Which characteristic of communication involves ensuring the message is clear and easily understood?**

- A. Complexity
- B. Clarity
- C. Ambiguity
- D. Vagueness

Explanation: Clarity is a key characteristic of effective communication, ensuring that the message is clear and easily understood by the receiver.



**#85. Question 85: Which type of communication is essential for building relationships and trust?**

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is essential for building relationships and trust as it involves direct interaction and personal connection through spoken words.

**#86. Question 86: What is the role of feedback in the communication process?**

- A. To initiate the message
- B. To provide a response that indicates understanding
- C. To create confusion
- D. To eliminate the need for communication

Explanation: Feedback provides a response from the receiver to the sender, indicating whether the message was understood correctly and allowing for necessary adjustments.

**#87. Question 87: Which type of communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, and facial expressions?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Non-verbal communication involves conveying messages through body language, gestures, facial expressions, and other non-verbal cues without using words.

**#88. Question 88: Which purpose of communication involves influencing others' attitudes or behaviors?**

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to influence others' attitudes, beliefs, or behaviors through convincing arguments and appeals.



**#89. Question 89: What is an example of non-verbal communication?**

- A. Speaking
- B. Writing
- C. Gesturing
- D. Emailing

Explanation: Gesturing is an example of non-verbal communication, conveying messages through movements rather than words.

**#90. Question 90: Which characteristic of communication involves eliminating barriers that prevent understanding?**

- A. Channel
- B. Noise
- C. Feedback
- D. Clarity

Explanation: Clarity involves eliminating barriers such as ambiguity and complexity, ensuring the message is easily understood by the receiver.

**#91. Question 91: Which type of communication is most effective for conveying complex information?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Written communication is often more effective for conveying complex information as it allows for detailed explanations and can be referred back to as needed.

**#92. Question 92: Which type of communication is facilitated through electronic means such as emails and social media?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Digital communication is facilitated through electronic means like emails, social media platforms, and other online channels.



**#93. Question 93: What is the meaning of verbal communication?**

- A. Communication through body language
- B. Communication through written symbols
- C. Communication through spoken words
- D. Communication through visual aids

Explanation: Verbal communication involves the use of spoken words to convey messages between individuals or groups.

**#94. Question 94: Which purpose of communication involves sharing information without expecting a response?**

- A. Persuasive
- B. Informative
- C. Collaborative
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The informative purpose of communication involves sharing information or knowledge without necessarily expecting a response from the receiver.

**#95. Question 95: What type of communication involves using symbols, signs, and visual aids to convey messages?**

- A. Verbal
- B. Written
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Visual

Explanation: Visual communication involves using symbols, signs, diagrams, and other visual aids to convey messages effectively.

**#96. Question 96: Which of the following is a barrier to effective communication?**

- A. Clarity
- B. Feedback
- C. Noise
- D. Appropriateness

Explanation: Noise, which can be physical or psychological, acts as a barrier to effective communication by disrupting the transmission or reception of the message.

**#97. Question 97: Which type of communication is most effective for immediate feedback**



### and interaction?

- A. Written
- B. Verbal
- C. Non-verbal
- D. Digital

Explanation: Verbal communication is most effective for immediate feedback and interaction, allowing for real-time dialogue and clarification.

### #98. Question 98: What is an example of non-verbal communication in a classroom setting?

- A. Lecturing
- B. Writing on the board
- C. Nodding to show agreement
- D. Sending an email

Explanation: Nodding to show agreement is an example of non-verbal communication, conveying messages through gestures rather than words.

### #99. Question 99: Which characteristic of communication involves the ability to adapt the message to the audience?

- A. Inflexibility
- B. Adaptability
- C. Rigidity
- D. Complexity

Explanation: Adaptability refers to the ability to tailor the message to suit the audience's needs, ensuring effective communication.

### #100. Question 100: Which purpose of communication involves persuading others to adopt a particular viewpoint?

- A. Informative
- B. Persuasive
- C. Entertaining
- D. Transactional

Explanation: The persuasive purpose of communication aims to convince others to adopt a specific viewpoint or take a particular action.

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## Results

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